## **GDPR Fines – Auditing and Pricing** in M&A-Transactions

gbf Technology Workshop 2.0 8 November 2019

Nando Stauffer von May

Partner | Dr. iur. | Notary of the Canton of Bern | Attorney-at-law













# gbf

#### Situation 1



We know about the data breach and notified such breach to the authority.

- + manner in which the infringement became known to the supervisory authority
- + degree of cooperation with the supervisory authority



#### Situation 2



We know about the data breach but did not notify it.

Duty to notify the supervisory authority (GDPR 33) and the data subject (GDPR 34).

# gbf

#### Situation 2





However, we told it to the purchaser, or it became apparent in the course of the due diligence process.

# gbf

#### Situation 3



We are not aware of any concrete data breach but due to the business model or sector, an infringement is rather likely.



Situation 1: calculation

Situation 2: calculation x probability of a fine

Situation 3: Possible infringements x probability of infringements x

probability of a fine

= amount (to be agreed by the parties)





- Transfer of the risk -> Insurance
- Are fines insurable?
  - Swiss-DSG criminal fines?
  - GDPR administrative fines?





# gbf

- No deal
- Discount
- Deferred Payment
- Escrow
- Indemnity clause
- Representations and warranties







- Warranty & Indemnity Insurance (not possible in situation 1 and 2 – as already known)
- Litigation Buyout Insurance (not for fines)
- (Other) Special Situation Insurance ?





#### **Nando Stauffer von May**

Partner | Dr. iur. | Notary of the Canton of Bern | Attorney-at-law